

01088866

(FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:15:30 ON 14 JAN 2005)

SCR 2022 =>= Two (2) " S" L15 L17

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

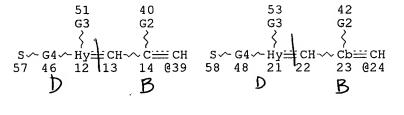
CHARGE IS *+ AT CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 6 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 8 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

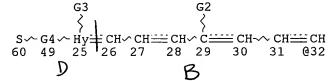
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

13263 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L15 AND L17 L19 L61 STR



44



43

VAR G1=39/20/24/32/38

VAR G2=H/F/CL/BR/I

55

VAR G3=C/N/O/S/H

REP G4 = (1-4) C

D

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CHARGE IS *+ AT 5

CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 6

54

10/058903

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CONNECT IS X2 RC AT
CONNECT IS X2 RC AT
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM
       IS PCY AT 12
GGCAT
GGCAT
       IS PCY AT 15
GGCAT
       IS PCY AT
                   21
       IS PCY AT
                   25
GGCAT
       IS PCY AT
                  33
GGCAT
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED
ECOUNT IS M1 N AT
                   12
       IS M1 N
ECOUNT
               ΑT
                    15
ECOUNT
       IS M1 N
               ΑT
                    21
ECOUNT
       IS M1 N
               AΤ
                    25
ECOUNT IS M1 N AT
                    33
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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 59

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

1343 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L19 SSS FUL L61 L62

718 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L62 AND 1/NC Compd. L67

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:16:37 ON 14 JAN 2005

L68 162 S L67

L69 14 S L68(L) (?CONJUGAT? OR ?LINK?)

E1 THROUGH E45 ASSIGNED

L69 ANSWER 1 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2004:775925 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

141:421859 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Developing a peptide-based near-infrared molecular TITLE:

probe for protease sensing

Pham, Wellington; Choi, Yongdoo; Weissleder, Ralph; AUTHOR(S):

Tung, Ching-Hsuan

CORPORATE SOURCE: Center for Molecular Imaging Research, Massachusetts

General Hospital, Harvard Medical School, Charlestown,

MA, 02129, USA

Bioconjugate Chemistry (2004), 15(6), 1403-1407 SOURCE:

CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Recently near-IR (NIR) mol. probes have become important reporter mols. AB for a number of types of in vivo biomedical imaging. A peptide-based NIR fluorescence probe consisting of a NIR fluorescence emitter (Cy5.5), a NIR fluorescence absorber (NIRQ820), and a protease selective peptide sequence was designed to sense protease activity. Using a MMP-7 model, we showed that NIRQ820 efficiently absorbs the emission energy of Cy5.5 resulting in a low initial signal. Upon reacting with its target, MMP-7, the fluorescence signal of the designed probe was increased by 7-fold with a Kcat/Km of 100 000 M-1 s-1. The described synthetic strategy should have wide application for other NIR probe prepns.

795315-56-9DP, conjugates with resin 795315-57-0DP, conjugates with resin

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(peptide-based near-IR mol. probe for protease sensing)

RN 795315-56-9 CAPLUS

CN

L-Cysteine, N-[[2-[2-[3-[[5-carboxy-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-2-chloro-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-3H-indolium-5-yl]carbonyl]glycyl-L-valyl-L-prolyl-L-leucyl-O-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-L-seryl-L-leucyl-O-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-L-threonyl-L-methionylglycyl-S-(triphenylmethyl)-, innersalt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-B

10/058903

PAGE 1-C

795315-57-0 CAPLUS RNCNINDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-A

Searcher : Shears

571-272-2528

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L69 ANSWER 2 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:679369 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

139:304048

TITLE:

High efficiency synthesis of a bioconjugatable

near-infrared fluorochrome

AUTHOR(S):

Pham, Wellington; Lai, Wen-Fu; Weissleder, Ralph;

Tung, Ching-Hsuan

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Center for Molecular Imaging Research, Massachusetts General Hospital, Harvard Medical School, Charlestown,

MA, 02129, USA

Searcher :

Shears

571-272-2528

10/058903

SOURCE: Bioconjugate Chemistry (2003), 14(5), 1048-1051

CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Near-IR (NIR) fluorochromes have become important reporter mols. for many biomedical applications, including FACS sorting, confocal microscopy, and more recently in vivo imaging. While the structures of several stable 800 nm fluorochromes have been published, their synthesis is often complex and there are difficulties in rapidly purifying these compds. in large quantities. Here we report on the synthesis of NIR820, ex/em = 790/820, with excellent physicochem. properties. Importantly, NIR820 is conveniently synthesized in a three-step reaction and can be purified by flash column chromatog. rather than by HPLC. NIR820 is chemical stable and can be directly coupled to peptides during the solid-phase synthesis. In addition, NIR820 is also suitable for conjugation to proteins and other affinity mols. in aqueous buffer.

IT 612531-93-8P

RL: ARU (Analytical role, unclassified); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(high efficiency synthesis of **bioconjugatable** near-IR fluorochrome)

RN 612531-93-8 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 5-carboxy-2-[2-[3-[[5-carboxy-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-2-chloro-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO₂C
$$\stackrel{\text{Me}}{\longrightarrow}$$
 $\stackrel{\text{Me}}{\longrightarrow}$ $\stackrel{\text{CO}_2H}{\longrightarrow}$ $\stackrel{\text{CH}}{\longrightarrow}$ $\stackrel{\text{$

IT 612531-94-9DP, reaction products with Tf protein

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(high efficiency synthesis of **bioconjugatable** near-IR fluorochrome)

RN 612531-94-9 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[3-[[5-carboxy-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-2-chloro-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-5-[[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]carbonyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B



THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 18 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L69 ANSWER 3 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

2003:678390 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:193970

Folate targeted enhanced tumor and folate receptor TITLE:

positive tissue optical imaging technology

Jallad, Karim N.; Kennedy, Michael D.; Low, Philip S.; INVENTOR(S):

Ben-Amotz, Dor

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

USA U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 20 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 2003162234	A1	20030828	US 2003-360001	20030206
US 2004136910	A1	20040715	US 2003-742291	20031219
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2002-355417P	P 20020207
			US 2003-360001	A2 20030206

A method of and apparatus for differentiating tumors from healthy cells in AΒ tissue are disclosed. The method includes the steps of providing a marker-folate conjugate, placing the marker-folate conjugate in contact with the tissue and viewing the tissue. A folate-fluorescein conjugate was used to image M109 tumors in mice and arthritis in rat paws.

583037-93-8D, conjugates with folate RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); DGN (Diagnostic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

10/058903

(folate-targeted enhanced tumor and folate receptor-pos. tissue optical imaging technol.)

RN 583037-93-8 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 5-carboxy-2-[7-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(3-sulfopropyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L69 ANSWER 4 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:247216 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:263164

TITLE:

Antibody dye conjugates for binding to target

structures of angiogenesis in order to

intraoperatively detect tumor peripheries

INVENTOR(S):

Schirner, Michael; Licha, Kai; Dinkelborg, Ludger

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Schering Aktiengesellschaft, Germany

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	rent :	NO.			KIN	D DATE APPLICATION NO.								DATE					
WO	70 2001023005 A1 20010405				1	NO 2	000-	20000819											
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		CR,	CU,	CZ,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	ΕĒ,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,		
		ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,		
		LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NO,	ΝZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,		
		SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	ТJ,	TM,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VN,	YU,		
		ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM							
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	AT,	BE,	CH,	CY,		
		DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,		
		CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG					
DE	1994	7559			A1 20010419					DE 1	999-								
CA	2385	385593 AA 20010405				0405	CA 2000-2385593							20000819					
BR	2000	014192 A 20020521				0521	BR 2000-14192							20000819					
EP	1214	099			A1		2002	0619		EP 2	000-	20000819							
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		ΙE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL									
JP	2003	5102	94		Т2		2003	0318								20000819			
EE	2002	0015	2		Α		2003	0415		EE 2	002-		20000819						
ΝZ	5179	44			A		2004	0625	1	NZ 2	000-	5179	44		20000819				
BG	1065	28			A		2002	1229	:	BG 2	002-	1065	28		2	0020	319		

NO 2002001441 A 20020515 NO 2002-1441 20020322 ZA 2002003225 A 20030723 ZA 2002-3225 20020423 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: DE 1999-19947559 A 19990924 WO 2000-EP8121 W 20000819

AB The invention relates to antibody dye conjugates which are suited for binding to structures of newly formed vessels and to the their use for interoperatively detecting pathol. angiogenesis. Fluorescent dyes are defined that are coupled to antibodies. Thus bis(1,1'-di(4-sulfobutyl)indocarbocyanine-5-carboxylic acid N-hydroxysuccinimide ester) was synthesized and coupled with an antibody to EDB fibronectin. The conjugate was injected into F9-teratocarcinoma-carrying mice; fluorescence in the tumor-surrounding tissues was detected.

IT 331661-84-8DP, antibody conjugate

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(antibody dye conjugates for binding to target structures of angiogenesis in order to intraoperatively detect tumor peripheries) 331661-84-8 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 5-[[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]carbonyl]-2-[3-[5-[[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]carbonyl]-1,3-dihydro-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 331661-84-8P 331661-85-9P

RN

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(antibody dye conjugates for binding to target structures of angiogenesis in order to intraoperatively detect tumor peripheries) 331661-84-8 CAPLUS

RN 331661-84-8 CAPLUS
CN 3H-Indolium, 5-[[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]carbonyl]-2-[3-[5-[[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]carbonyl]-1,3-dihydro-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 331661-85-9 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 5-carboxy-2-[3-[5-carboxy-1,3-dihydro-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO_3S - (CH_2)_4$$
 $(CH_2)_4 - SO_3^ (CH_2)_4 - SO_3^ (CO_2)_4 - SO_3^-$

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L69 ANSWER 5 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:38760 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:202772

TITLE: Synthesis, characterization, and biological properties

of cyanine-labeled somatostatin analogues as

receptor-targeted fluorescent probes

AUTHOR(S): Licha, Kai; Hessenius, Carsten; Becker, Andreas;

Henklein, Peter; Bauer, Michael; Wisniewski, Stefan;

Wiedenmann, Bertram; Semmler, Wolfhard

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fuer Diagnostikforschung GmbH an der Freien

Universitaet Berlin, Berlin, 14050, Germany Bioconjugate Chemistry (2001), 12(1), 44-50

SOURCE: Bioconjugate Chemistry (2001), 12(1 CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

We present the synthesis and characterization of the somatostatin receptor-specific peptide H2N-(D-Phe)-cyclo[Cys-Phe-(D-Trp)-Lys-Thr-Cys]-Thr-OH, which is labeled with a carboxylated indodicarbo- and an indotricarbocyanine dye at the N-terminal amino group. The preparation was performed by automated solid-phase synthesis, with subsequent attachment of the cyanine dye and cleavage of the entire conjugate from the resin. The compds. display high molar absorbance and fluorescence quantum yields typical for cyanine dyes and are thus suitable receptor-targeted contrast agents for mol. optical imaging. The ability of these agents to target the somatostatin receptor was demonstrated by flow cytometry in vitro, in which the indotricarbocyanine conjugate led to elevated cell-associated fluorescence on somatostatin receptor-expressing tumor cells. In contrast, the corresponding linearized derivative of the sequence H2N-(D-Phe)-Met-Phe-(D-Trp)-Lys-Thr-Met-Thr-OH produced only minimal cell fluorescence, hence confirming the specificity of the cyclic somatostatin analog. Intracellular localization could be visualized by near-IR (NIR) fluorescence microscopy. In conclusion, receptor-specific peptides are promising tools for designing site-directed optical contrast agents for use in mol. optical imaging.

IT 328395-93-3P 328395-94-4P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(control dye-peptide conjugate; synthesis, characterization, and biol. properties of cyanine-labeled somatostatin analogs as receptor-targeted fluorescent probes)

RN 328395-93-3 CAPLUS

CN L-Threonine, N-[[2-[5-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3-pentadienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-3H-indolium-5-yl]carbonyl]-D-phenylalanyl-L-methionyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-methionyl-, inner salt (9CI), (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-B

RN 328395-94-4 CAPLUS

CN L-Threonine, N-[[2-[7-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-

2-ylidene]-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-3H-indolium-5-yl]carbonyl]-D-phenylalanyl-L-methionyl-L-phenylalanyl-D-tryptophyl-L-lysyl-L-threonyl-L-methionyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-B

REFERENCE COUNT: 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L69 ANSWER 6 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:10685 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:102214

TITLE: New fluorescent cyanine labels containing a

sulfonamido linker arm

INVENTOR(S): Caputo, Giuseppe; Della, Ciana Leopoldo

10/058903

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Innosense S.r.L., Italy; Visen Medical, Inc.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 94 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE			APPLICATION NO.							DATE				
	1065250 1065250	_		A1 B1	-	2001	0103		EP	1999	9-1:	126	96		-	19990	702			
EF	R: AT		•	DE,		, ES,		GB	, GI	R, I	r, 1	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE	, MC,	PT,			
	284433		пт,	E		2004	1215			1999						19990				
EP	1491591 R: AT	, BE,		A1 DE,	DK,		1229 FR,			2004 R, I	-			NL,		19990 , MC,				
AU	776841	E, FI,	CY	В2		2004	0923			2000			_			20000				
	2312099 6448008			AA B1			0102 0910			2000						20000 20000				
BR PRIORITY	2000005 APPLN.		. :	A		2002	0102			2000						20000				
OTHER SO				MARI	PAT	134:	1022	14												

Water-soluble fluorescent cyanine dyes, capable of being excited by AΒ inexpensive light-emitting diodes or diode lasers and of conjugating with a wide variety of biomols., have the structure I [Q = conjugated]connecting group; R1, R2 = H, C1-4 (sulfo)alkyl; R3-R5 = H, SO3H, C1-4 sulfoalkyl, SO2NH(CH2)mW(CH2)nZ; W = direct link, SO2NH, O, CO2, CONH; X1, X2 = 0, S, CMe2, C:CH2; Y1, Y2 = benzo, naphtho; Z is or contains a functional group capable of bonding to biomols.; m, n = 0-12; m + n =1-12] or its salt. Thus, K 2,3,3-trimethyl-3H-indole-5-sulfonate was converted with PCl5 and POCl3 to the 5-sulfonyl chloride, which was condensed with glycine tert-Bu ester, and the product was alkylated with 1,4-butane sultone to give 5-[[(carboxymethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-2,3,3trimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-3H-indolium inner salt (II). 2,3,3-Trimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-3H-indolium inner salt was treated first with PhNHCH:NPh and then with II to give a I [Q = CH:CHCH:, R1 = R2 = (CH2)4SO3H; R3 = 5-SO3H, R4 = R5 = H, W = direct link, X1 = X2 = R1CMe2, Y1 = Y2 = benzo, Z = CO2H, m = 0, n = 1].

Ι

IT 316829-76-2P 316829-77-3P 316829-78-4P 316829-79-5P 316829-80-8P 316829-81-9P 316829-82-0P 316829-83-1P 316829-84-2P

316829-85-3P 316829-86-4P 316829-87-5P 316829-88-6P 316829-89-7P 316829-90-0P 316829-91-1P 316829-92-2P 316829-93-3P 316829-94-4P 316829-95-5P 316829-96-6P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of fluorescent cyanine dye labels containing a sulfonamido linker arm)

RN

316829-76-2 CAPLUS 3H-Indolium, 2-[3-[5-[[(carboxymethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-CN dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$HO_3S - (CH_2)_4$$
 $(CH_2)_4 - SO_3^ (CH_2)_4 - SO_3^ (CH_2$

316829-77-3 CAPLUS RN

3H-Indolium, 2-[3-[5-[[(2-carboxyethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-CN dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

316829-78-4 CAPLUS RN

3H-Indolium, 2-[3-[5-[[(3-carboxypropyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-CN dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 316829-79-5 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[3-[5-[[(5-carboxypentyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 316829-80-8 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[3-[5-[[(4-aminobutyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_{2}N-(CH_{2})_{4}-NH-S$$
 $H_{2}N-(CH_{2})_{4}-NH-S$
 $H_{2}N-(CH_{2})_{4}-NH-S$

RN 316829-81-9 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[3-[5-[[(6-aminohexyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_{2}N-(CH_{2})_{6}-NH-S$$
 $H_{2}N-(CH_{2})_{6}-NH-S$
 $H_{2}N-(CH_{2})_{6}-NH-S$

RN

316829-82-0 CAPLUS 3H-Indolium, 2-[3-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-CN indol-2-ylidene]-1-propenyl]-5-[[(6-hydroxyhexyl)amino]sulfonyl]-3,3dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 316829-83-1 CAPLUS

3H-Indolium, 2-[5-[5-[[(carboxymethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-CN dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3-pentadienyl]-3,3dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

−so₃H

RN

316829-84-2 CAPLUS 3H-Indolium, 2-[5-[5-[[(2-carboxyethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-CN dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3-pentadienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 316829-85-3 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[5-[5-[[(3-carboxypropyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3-pentadienyl]-3,3dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

HO₃S- (CH₂) 4 (CH₂) 4 (CH₂) 4 HO₂C- (CH₂) 3-NH-S Me Me Me Me

PAGE 1-B

— so₃-

SO₃H

RN 316829-86-4 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[5-[5-[[(5-carboxypentyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3-pentadienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

HO3S-(CH2) 4

(CH2) 4

(CH2) 4

HO2C-(CH2) 5-NH-S

Me

Me

Me

Me

PAGE 1-B

-so₃-

SO3H

RN 316829-87-5 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[5-[5-[[(4-aminobutyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3-pentadienyl]-3,3-

dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$H_{2}N-(CH_{2})_{4}-NH-S$$
 $H_{2}N-(CH_{2})_{4}-NH-S$
 $H_{2}N-(CH_{2})_{4}-NH-S$

PAGE 1-B

- so₃-

SO3H

RN 316829-88-6 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[5-[5-[[(6-aminohexyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3-pentadienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$H_{2}N-(CH_{2})_{6}-NH-S$$
 M_{e}
 M_{e}

PAGE 1-B

— so₃-

____ so₃H

RN 316829-89-7 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[5-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3-pentadienyl]-5-[[(6-hydroxyhexyl)amino]sulfonyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

-03S- (CH₂)₄ (CH₂)₄-SO₃H

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-A

<u></u> 503H

RN 316829-90-0 CAPLUS
CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[3-[[5-[[(carboxymethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-

yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

Me

Me

CH— CH— CH— CH— CH— CH— CH— CH— CH— O

(CH2) 4— SO3H

PAGE 1-B

-- сн2- со2н

RN 316829-91-1 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[3-[[5-[[(2-carboxyethyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

 $- cH_2 - CH_2 - CO_2H$

RN 316829-92-2 CAPLUS
CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[3-[[5-[[(3-carboxypropyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

- (CH₂)₃-CO₂H

RN 316829-93-3 CAPLUS
CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[3-[[5-[[(5-carboxypentyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-

1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

-- (CH₂)₅-CO₂H

316829-94-4 CAPLUS RN CN

 $3H-Indolium, \ 2-[2-[3-[[5-[[(4-aminobutyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-d$ dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

- (CH₂)₄ - NH₂

316829-95-5 CAPLUS RN

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[3-[[5-[[(6-aminohexyl)amino]sulfonyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

> 571-272-2528 Searcher : Shears

PAGE 1-B

- (CH₂)₆- NH₂

RN 316829-96-6 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[3-[[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-5-[[(6-hydroxyhexyl)amino]sulfonyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

- (CH₂)₆-OH

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L69 ANSWER 7 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:516171 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:127990

TITLE: Novel receptor-targeted contrast agents for optical

imaging of tumors

Becker, Andreas; Hessenius, Carsten; Bhargava, Sarah; AUTHOR(S):

Ebert, Bernd; Sukowski, Uwe; Rinneberg, Herbert H.; Wiedenmann, Bertram; Semmler, Wolfhard; Licha, Kai

Institut fuer Diagnostikforschung, Freie Univ. Berlin, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Berlin, Germany

Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for SOURCE:

Optical Engineering (2000), 3924 (Molecular Imaging: Reporters, Dyes, Markers, and Instrumentation), 41-47

CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X

SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering PUBLISHER:

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE:

Many gastroenteropancreatic tumors express receptors for somatostatin AB (SST) and/or vasoactive intestinal peptide (VIP). These receptors can be used as mol. targets for the delivery of contrast agents for tumor diagnostics. We have synthesized conjugates consisting of a cyanine dye and an SST analog or VIP for use as contrast agents in optical imaging. Receptor binding and internalization of these compds. were examined with optical methods in transfected RIN38 tumor cells expressing the SST2 receptor or a GFP- labeled VIP (VPAC1) receptor. Furthermore, biodistribution of the conjugates was examined by laser-induced fluorescence imaging in nude mice bearing SST2 or VPAC1 receptor- expressing tumors. After incubation of RIN38 SSTR2 cells in the presence of 100 nM indotricarbocyanine-SST analog, cell-associated fluorescence increased, whereas no increase was observed when receptor-medicated endocytosis was inhibited. Indodicarbocyanine-VIP accumulated in RIN38 VPAC1 cells and co-localization with the GFP-labeled VPAC1 receptor was observed After injection of indotricarbocyanine-SST analog into tumor-bearing nude mice, SST2 receptor-pos. tumors could be visualized for a time period from 10 min to at least 48 h. After application of indodicarbocyanine-VIP, a fluorescence signal in VIP1 receptor-expressing tumors was only detected during the first hour. We conclude that cyanine dye-labeled VIP and SST analog are novel, targeted contrast agents for the optical imaging of tumors expressing the relevant receptor.

208243-29-2D, conjugated with somatostatin peptide IT

321909-06-2D, conjugated with VIP peptide

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)

(novel receptor-targeted contrast agents for optical imaging of tumors) 208243-29-2 CAPLUS

RN CN

3H-Indolium, 5-carboxy-2-[7-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2Hindol-2-ylidene]-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

571-272-2528 Searcher : Shears

RN 321909-06-2 CAPLUS

REFERENCE COUNT: 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L69 ANSWER 8 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:218041 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:30929

TITLE: Highly parallel nano-synthesis of cleavable

peptide-dye conjugates on cellulose membranes

AUTHOR(S): Licha, Kai; Bhargava, Sarah; Rheinlander, Christiane;

Becker, Andreas; Schneider-Mergener, Jens;

Volkmer-Engert, Rudolf

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fur Diagnostikforschung an der Freien

Universitat Berlin, Berlin, D-14050, Germany

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2000), 41(11), 1711-1715

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GT

AB Treatment of mercapto-functionalized cellulose membranes with preformed Fmoc-amino acid bromopropyl esters yielded membrane-bound amino acids connected via a stable thioether and a cleavable ester bond. This synthesis strategy allowed the highly parallel preparation of peptides that can

be solubilized from the solid support. The authors synthesized the novel indotricarbocyanine dye I, and then, synthesized peptide conjugates of I, which are potentially useful as fluorescent contrast agents targeted to tumor-specific receptors.

IT 273383-46-3P 273383-48-5P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (synthesis of cleavable peptide-dye conjugates on cellulose
 membranes)

RN 273383-46-3 CAPLUS

CN L-Alanine, N-[[2-[7-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-3H-indolium-5-yl]carbonyl]-L-leucyl-L-alanyl-L-isoleucyl-L-leucyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 273383-48-5 CAPLUS

CN L-Asparagine, N2-[[2-[7-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-3H-indolium-5-yl]carbonyl]-L-arginyl-L-lysyl-L-glutaminyl-L-methionyl-L-alanyl-L-valyl-L-lysyl-L-lysyl-L-tyrosyl-L-leucyl-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

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REFERENCE COUNT: 16 THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L69 ANSWER 9 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:527837 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:134143

TITLE: New contrast agents for optical imaging:

acid-cleavable conjugates of cyanine dyes with

biomolecules

AUTHOR(S): Licha, Kai; Becker, Andreas; Kratz, Frank; Semmler,

Wolfhard

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fuer Diagnostikforschung, Freien Univ.

Berlin, Berlin, Germany

SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for

Optical Engineering (1999), 3600(Biomedical Imaging:

Reporters, Dyes, and Instrumentation), 29-35

CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X

PUBLISHER: SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The investigation of cyanine dyes as contrast agents in optical tumor imaging has been a focus of our recent work. We have shown that i.v. injected hydrophilic indotricarbocyanine derivs. enable tumor detection by fluorescence imaging and by frequency-domain absorption spectroscopy. current objective is to extend this approach by conjugating these dyes with specific biomols. in order to enhance targetability and to introduce acid-cleavable links that enable dye release in acidic cell compartments. Accordingly, we have synthesized cyanine dyes which contain different acid-cleavable hydrazone links and which were coupled to peptides, proteins and antibodies. We have studied the release of the dyes under various pH conditions. Our results show that dye release from transferrin increased under acidic conditions, while at neutral pH the stability was higher. Addnl., we observed pH-dependent fluorescence enhancement during cleavage. Cellular fluorescence microscopy expts. indicated that intracellular trapping is possible. In conclusion, cyanine dyes bound to biomols. by acid- cleavable bonds could act as promising optical contrast agents. Further work will include optimization of release rates by chemical modification and in vivo imaging studies.

IT 208243-29-2P 256494-95-8P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(new contrast agents for optical imaging: acid-cleavable conjugates of cyanine dyes with biomols.)

RN 208243-29-2 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 5-carboxy-2-[7-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 256494-95-8 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[7-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-5-(hydrazinocarbonyl)-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-B

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PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 256494-97-0 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[7-[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-5-[[[1-[4-[[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]carbonyl]phenyl]ethylidene]hydrazino]carbonyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS REFERENCE COUNT: 13 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L69 ANSWER 10 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

1998:341978 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

129:104816 . DOCUMENT NUMBER:

Near-infrared heavy-atom-modified fluorescent dyes for TITLE:

base-calling in DNA-sequencing applications using

temporal discrimination

Flanagan, James H., Jr.; Owens, Clyde V.; Romero, AUTHOR(S):

Sarah E.; Waddell, Emanuel; Kahn, Shaheer H.; Hammer,

Robert P.; Soper, Steven A.

Department of Chemistry, Louisiana State University, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Baton Rouge, LA, 70803-1804, USA

Analytical Chemistry (1998), 70(13), 2676-2684 SOURCE:

CODEN: ANCHAM; ISSN: 0003-2700

American Chemical Society PUBLISHER:

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

A series of near-IR fluorescent dyes were prepared which contained an intramol. heavy atom for altering the fluorescence lifetimes to produce a set of probes appropriate for base-calling in a single-lane DNA sequencing format. The heavy-atom modification consisted of an intramol. halogen situated on a remote section of the chromophore in order to minimize the perturbation on the lifetimes and fluorescence quantum yields. In addition, the dye series possessed an isothiocyanate functional group to allow facile attachment to sequencing primers. The unconjugated dyes showed similar absorption and emission maxima ($\lambda abs = 765-768 \text{ nm};$ λ em = 794-798 nm) as well as fluorescence quantum yields that were invariant, within exptl. error, with the heavy atom. However, the lifetimes of these dyes were found to vary with the identity of the halogen substitution (I, $\tau f = 947 \text{ ps}$; F, $\tau f = 843 \text{ ps}$, measured in methanol), with an average variation within the dye series of 35 ps. spectroscopic properties of the free dyes and the dyes conjugated to sequencing primers on the 5'-end of the oligonucleotide were determined in a DNA-sequencing matrix (denaturing gels containing formamide). The results indicated slight differences in the fluorescence properties of the free dyes compared to those of the dye/primer conjugates in this particular matrix. Inspection of the ground-state absorption spectra showed significant aggregation for the free dyes in this solution, but the conjugated dyes exhibited no sign of aggregation due to the highly anionic nature of the oligonucleotide. The fluorescence lifetimes of the dye/primer conjugates demonstrated lifetimes which ranged from 735 to 889 ps, with an average variation of 51 ps, an adequate difference to allow

facile

discrimination of these dyes in DNA-sequencing conditions. In addition, the free solution electrophoretic mobilities of the native heavy-atom-modified dyes were found to be very similar. When the dye/primer conjugates were electrophoresed in a cross-linked polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis capillary column, they comigrated, indicating that, in single-lane sequencing applications, when utilizing these dyes, no postrun corrections would be required to correct for dye-dependent mobility shifts.

209911-58-0DP, oligodeoxyribonucleotide conjugates 209911-61-5DP, oligodeoxyribonucleotide conjugates 209911-65-9DP, oligodeoxyribonucleotide conjugates 209911-69-3DP, oligodeoxyribonucleotide conjugates

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BUU (Biological use, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(near-IR heavy-atom-modified fluorescent dyes for base-calling in DNA-sequencing applications using temporal discrimination)

RN 209911-58-0 CAPLUS

CN

3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[3-[[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(3-sulfopropyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-2-[2-iodo-4-(2-isothiocyanatoethyl)phenoxy]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt, ion(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 209911-61-5 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[2-[2-bromo-4-(2-isothiocyanatoethyl)phenoxy]-3-[[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(3-sulfopropyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt, ion(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 209911-65-9 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[2-[2-chloro-4-(2-isothiocyanatoethyl)phenoxy]-3-[[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(3-sulfopropyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt, ion(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 209911-69-3 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[3-[[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(3-sulfopropyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-2-[2-fluoro-4-(2-isothiocyanatoethyl)phenoxy]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(3-sulfopropyl)-, inner salt, ion(1-) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$S = C = N - CH_2 - CH_2$$

Me

 $CH = CH$
 $CH = CH$

REFERENCE COUNT: 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L69 ANSWER 11 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:93134 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:227990

TITLE: Tumor detection with cyanine dye-poly(ethylene glycol)

conjugates as contrast agents for near-infrared

imaging

AUTHOR(S): Riefke, Bjorn; Licha, Kai; Nolte, Dirk; Ebert, Bernd;

Rinneberg, Herbert; Semmler, Wolfhard

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fur Diagnostikforschung GmbH an der Freien

Universitat Berlin, Berlin, 14050, Germany

SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for

Optical Engineering (1998), 3196(Optical and Imaging

Techniques for Biomonitoring III), 103-110

CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X

PUBLISHER: SPIE-The International Society for Optical Engineering

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The influence of the mol. weight of cyanine dye-poly(ethylene glycol) (PEG) conjugates on their pharmacokinetic behavior and on the contrast between malignant and normal tissue in fluorescence images was studied. PEG conjugates with a mol. weight ranging from 1800 to 40000 g mol-1 were investigated in a rat model. A tunable, pulsed, solid-state laser system and an intensified CCD camera served to record fluorescence images of different tumor-bearing mice and rats. The time window of increased contrast between tumor and normal tissue in fluorescence images can be adjusted by the mol. weight of PEG residues. Furthermore, we were able to demonstrate the visualization of s.c. blood vessels.

IT 204184-06-5D, PEG conjugates

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (tumor detection with cyanine dye-poly(ethylene glycol)

conjugates as contrast agents for near-IR imaging)

RN 204184-06-5 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[7-[5-carboxy-1,3-dihydro-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L69 ANSWER 12 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

14

ACCESSION NUMBER:

REFERENCE COUNT:

1997:34059 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

126:57117

TITLE:

Methods for the production of platinum-based linkers between labels and bio-organic molecules, for labeling

THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

bio-organic molecules, for detecting biological substances of interest and diagnostic test kits

INVENTOR(S):

Houthoff, Hendrik Jan; Reedijk, Jan; Jelsma, Tinka; Van Es, Remco Maria; Van Den Berg, Franciscus Michiel; Lempers, Edwin Leo Mario; Bloemink, Marieke Johanna

Kreatech Biotechnology B.V., Neth.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

PCT Int. Appl., 36 pp.

SOURCE:

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.												DATE					
													19960508				
	W:	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY	, CA,	CH,	CN,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,
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	9657																
	7243																
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	1019						2003										
										GR	, IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
		IE,		,	,				•			•	•	•	•	•	·
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PT	1019	420			T						1996-						
	2205																
PRIORIT											1995-					9950	
				, ,						WO	1996-	NL19	8	,	W 1	9960	508
OTHER S	OURCE	(S):			CAS	REA	T 12	6:57									
AB Th															a pl	atin	um
	<u>r</u>							-					-				

compds., which are very suitable for producing labeled substances, which can be used to detect specific mols. of interest. The platinum coordination compds. have two reactive groups of which one is replaced by a label and the other one can be replaced by a substance to be labeled. Production of labeled substances is very much improved by selection of the right starting materials and producing the right intermediates. The efficiency of labeling is very much improved, thereby enabling the production

of labeling kits which are also a part of the present invention. The methods can be used for the detection of, e.g., various microorganisms and gene translocations/abnormalities.

IT 184957-40-2DP, complexes with platinum ethylenediamine
RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
preparation); ANST (Analytical study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant
or reagent); USES (Uses)

(platinum-based linkers preparation for labeling bioorg. mols. for detection and diagnosis)

RN 184957-40-2 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[2-[4-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]phenoxy]-3-[[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N-CH_2-CH_2-NH$$

Me

 Me
 $CH=CH$
 $CH-CH$
 CH_2) $4-SO_3H$

IT 184957-40-2

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (platinum-based linkers preparation for labeling bioorg. mols. for

(platinum-based linkers preparation for labeling bloorg, mols, for detection and diagnosis)

RN 184957-40-2 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[2-[4-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]phenoxy]-3-[[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-1-cyclohexen-1-yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N-CH_2-CH_2-NH$$

Me

 $CH-CH$
 $CH-CH$
 CH_2
 CH_2
 GH_2
 GH_2
 GH_3
 GH_4
 GH_2
 GH_3
 GH_4
 G

L69 ANSWER 13 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:437966 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 125:81266

TITLE: Dye-biomolecule conjugates as contrast agents for

in-vivo near-IR diagnostic methods

INVENTOR(S): Licha, Kai; Riefke, Bjoern; Semmler, Wolfhard; Speck,

Ulrich; Hilger, Christoph-Stephan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut fuer Diagnostikforschung Gmbh an der Freien

Universitaet Berlin, Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 18 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PENT NO.			APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE CA	4445065 2205906	A1 AA	19960613 19960613	DE 1994-4445065 CA 1995-2205906	19951010
WO				WO 1995-DE1465	19951010
AU	W: AU, CA, CN, RW: AT, BE, CH, 9537409	DE, DK,	ES, FR,	NZ, US GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, AU 1995-37409	NL, PT, SE 19951010
AU	709152	B2	19990819		
EP	796111	A1	19970924	EP 1995-935348	19951010
	796111 R: AT. BE. CH.			GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU,	MC. NL. PT. SE
CN	1174511	Α	19980225	CN 1995-196624	19951010
CN	1089008	В	20020814	CN 1995-196624 HU 1997-1797	
HU	77378	A2	19980428	HU 1997-1797	19951010
				JP 1995-517228	
JP				JP 2001-143906	
EP	1181940	A2	20020227	EP 2001-250366	19951010
EP	1181940	A3	20020313		
EΡ	1181940	B1	20041222		
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK,	ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE, MC, PT, IE
AT	238071	E	20030515	AT 1995-935348 PT 1995-935348	19951010
PT	796111	${f T}$	20030930	PT 1995-935348	19951010

ES 2198446	Т3	20040201	ES	1995-935348		19951010
ZA 9509707	А	19960529	ZA	1995-9707		19951115
NO 9702509	А	19970602	NO	1997-2509		19970602
US 6083485	Α	20000704	US	1997-849369		19971107
US 2001055567	A1	20011227	US	2001-850660		20010507
US 2003026763	A1	20030206	US	2002-180272		20020626
US 2003170179	A1	20030911	US	2003-368997		20030219
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO	0.:		DE	1994-4445065	А	19941207
			EP	1995-935348	A3	19951010
			JP	1995-517228	A2	19951010
			WO	1995-DE1465	W	19951010
			US	1997-849369	A1	19971107
			US	2000-518947	A3	20000306
			บร	2001-850660	A1	20010507
			US	2002-180272	A1	20020626

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 125:81266

GI

Ι

AB Conjugates B.scriptl.(FWn)m [B = biol. recognition mol. (mol. weight ≤30,000); F = dye; W = hydrophilic group to improve water solubility; .scriptl. = 0-6; n = 0-10; m = 1-100] are useful as contrast agents in fluorescent and transillumination diagnostic procedures in vivo. Recognition mol. B may bind specifically to selected cell populations or receptors, may be a nonspecifically binding macromol., or may become enriched in tissues, tumors, or blood. Thus, cyanine dye I was administered i.v. to mice bearing tumor LS174T. I became enriched in the tumor after 18 h, as shown by IR fluorescence during irradiation at 740 nm.

IT 178822-68-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(dye-biomol. conjugates as contrast agents for in-vivo near-IR diagnostic methods)

RN 178822-68-9 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 5-[2-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]-2-[7-[5-[2-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]-2-oxoethyl]-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]-1,3,5-heptatrienyl]-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L69 ANSWER 14 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2005 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:696239 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:296239

TITLE: A near IR biosensor for evanescent wave immunoassays

AUTHOR(S): Golden, Joel P.; Shriver-Lake, Lisa C.; Narayanan, N.; Patonay, Gabor; Ligler, Frances S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Molecular Science and Engineering Naval Research Lab,

Center Bio, Washington, DC, 20375, USA

SOURCE: Proceedings of SPIE-The International Society for

Optical Engineering (1994), 2138 (LONGER WAVELENGTH

LASERS AND APPLICATIONS), 241-5 CODEN: PSISDG; ISSN: 0277-786X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Based upon a biosensor design which utilizes standard fluorescent dyes (FITC,

TRITC), a new device has been developed which incorporates a laser diode light source to excite novel near IR (NIR) dyes. The purpose of switching to the NIR regime is to decrease the background fluorescence of biol. samples and to decrease the size and power requirements of the biosensor. New dyes which fluoresce in the NIR have been conjugated to protein antigen and immunoassays performed. Assay results using excitation at 780 nm are shown.

IT 159092-32-7D, antibody conjugates

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); ANST (Analytical study); USES (Uses) (near IR fluorimeter for evanescent wave immunoassays)

RN 159092-32-7 CAPLUS

CN 3H-Indolium, 2-[2-[3-[[1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-2H-indol-2-ylidene]ethylidene]-2-(4-isothiocyanatophenoxy)-1-cyclohexen-1-

yl]ethenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-1-(4-sulfobutyl)-, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:19:32 ON 14 JAN 2005

L70

45 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (184957-40-2/BI OR 208243-29-2/BI OR 331661-84-8/BI OR 159092-32-7/BI OR 178822-68-9/BI OR 204184-06-5/BI OR 209911-58-0/BI OR 209911-61-5/BI OR 209911-65-9/BI OR 209911-69-3/BI OR 256494-95-8/BI OR 256494-96-9/BI OR 256494-97-0/BI OR 273383-46-3/BI OR 273383-48-5/BI OR 316829-76-2/BI OR 316829-77-3/BI OR 316829-78-4/BI OR 316829-79-5/BI OR 316829-80-8/BI OR 316829-81-9/BI OR 316829-82-0/BI OR 316829-83-1/BI OR 316829-84-2/BI OR 316829-85-3/BI OR 316829-86-4/BI OR 316829-87-5/BI OR 316829-88-6/BI OR 316829-89-7/BI OR 316829-90-0/BI OR 316829-91-1/BI OR 316829-92-2/BI OR 316829-93-3/BI OR 316829-94-4/BI OR 316829-95-5/BI OR 316829-96-6/BI OR 321909-06-2/BI OR 328395-93-3/BI OR 328395-94-4/BI OR 331661-85-9/BI OR 583037-93-8/BI OR 612531-93-8/BI OR 612531-94-9/BI OR 795315-56-9/BI OR 795315-57-0/BI)

FILE 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 12:19:49 ON 14 JAN 2005 L71 0 S L70

FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 12:19:55 ON 14 JAN 2005 L72 8 S L70

L72 ANSWER 1 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:243770 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Near infrared imaging agent

INVENTOR(S):

Licha, Kai, Berlin, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Riefke, Bjorn, Berlin, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Semmler, Wolfhard, Glienicke, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC

OF

Speck, Ulrich, Berlin, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Hilger, Christoph-Stephan, Berlin, GERMANY, FEDERAL

REPUBLIC OF

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Institut fur Diagnostikforschung GMBH an der freien

Universita (copy) (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 2003-368997 A1 20030911 PATENT INFORMATION: A1 20030219 (10) APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2002-180272, filed on 26

Jun 2002, PENDING Continuation of Ser. No. US

2001-850660, filed on 7 May 2001, PENDING Division of Ser. No. US 2000-518947, filed on 6 Mar 2000, GRANTED,

Pat. No. US 6258340 Continuation of Ser. No. US

1997-849369, filed on 7 Nov 1997, GRANTED, Pat. No. US

6083485 A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1997-DE9501465, filed on 6 Jun 1997, UNKNOWN

NUMBER DATE _____

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DE 1994-4445065 19941207

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Richard L. Byrne, Webb Ziesenheim Logsdon Orkin &

Hanson, 700 Koppers Building, 436 Seventh Avenue,

Pittsburgh, PA, 15219

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 994

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention relates to an in-vivo diagnostic method based on near infrared radiation (NIR radiation) that uses water-soluble dyes and their biomolecule adducts, each having specific photophysical and pharmaco-chemical properties, as a contrast medium for fluorescence and transillumination diagnostics in the NIR range, to new dyes and pharmaceuticals containing such dyes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L72 ANSWER 2 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

2003:232034 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: Folate targeted enhanced tumor and folate receptor

positive tissue optical imaging technology

INVENTOR(S): Jallad, Karim N., West Lafayette, IN, UNITED STATES

Kennedy, Michael D., West Lafayette, IN, UNITED STATES

Low, Philip S., West Lafayette, IN, UNITED STATES

Ben-Amotz, Dor, West Lafayette, IN, UNITED STATES

NUMBER KIND DATE -----

US 2003162234 A1 20030828 US 2003-360001 A1 20030206 PATENT INFORMATION: A1 20030206 (10) APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: US 2002-355417P 20020207 (60) DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Intellectual Property Group, Bose McKinney & Evans LLP,

2700 First Indiana Plaza, 135 North Pennsylvania

Street, Indianapolis, IN, 46204

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 54

EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 13 Drawing Page(s)

603 LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A method of differentiating tumors from healthy cells in tissue is disclosed. The method includes the steps of providing a marker-folate conjugate, placing the marker-folate conjugate in contact with the tissue and viewing the tissue.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L72 ANSWER 3 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

2003:37119 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: In-vivo diagnostic method by means of near infrared

radiation

Licha, Kai, Berlin, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF INVENTOR(S):

> Riefke, Bjorn, Berlin, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Semmler, Wolfhard, Glienicke, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC

Speck, Ulrich, Berlin, GERMANY, FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF Hilger, Christopher - Stephen, Berlin, GERMANY, FEDERAL

REPUBLIC OF

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut Fur Diagnostikforschung GmbH an der Freien

Universitat Berlin (non-U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

US 2003026763 A1 20030206 US 2002-180272 A1 20020626 (10) PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-850660, filed on 7 May

2001, PENDING Division of Ser. No. US 2000-518947,

filed on 6 Mar 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6258340 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1997-849369, filed on 7 Nov

1997, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6083485 A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1997-DE9501465, filed on 6

Jun 1997, UNKNOWN

NUMBER DATE ______

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DE 1994-4445065 19941207

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility APPLICATION FILE SEGMENT:

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Richard L. Byrne, Webb Ziesenheim Logsdon Orkin &

Hanson, 700 Koppers Building, 436 Seventh Avenue,

Pittsburgh, PA, 15219

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Page(s)

997 LINE COUNT:

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention relates to an in-vivo diagnostic method based on near infrared radiation (NIR radiation) that uses water-soluble dyes and their biomolecule adducts, each having specific photophysical and pharmaco-chemical properties, as a contrast medium for fluorescence and transillumination diagnostics in the NIR range, to new dyes and pharmaceuticals containing such dyes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L72 ANSWER 4 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:230789 USPATFULL

TITLE: Fluorescent cyanine labels containing a sulfamido

linker arm

Caputo, Giuseppe, Turin, ITALY. INVENTOR(S):

Della Ciana, Leopoldo, Lugo, ITALY

Innosense, S.r.l., ITALY (non-U.S. corporation) PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

NUMBER KIND DATE PATENT INFORMATION:

US 6448008 B1 20020910 US 2000-609035 20000630 20000630 (9) APPLICATION INFO.:

NUMBER DATE ______ EP 1999-112696 19990702 PRIORITY INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility GRANTED FILE SEGMENT:

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Jones, W. Gary ASSISTANT EXAMINER: Souaya, Jehanne

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Myers Bigel Sibley & Sajovec, PA

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 14 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 57 Drawing Figure(s); 57 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2027

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

A fluorescent cyanine dye of the following general formula is disclosed: AB

##STR1##

wherein:

X.sub.1 and X.sub.2 are independently selected from the group consisting of --O--, --S--, --C(CH.sub.3).sub.2 or --C.dbd.CH.sub.2;

Y.sub.1 and Y.sub.2 are nonmetal atoms required to form a benzo-condensed or naphtho-condensed ring; Q is a conjugated moiety that increases the fluorescent quantum yield and the stability of the compound;

R.sub.1 and R.sub.2 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, C.sub.1-C.sub.4, alkyl, alkylensulfonic group or alkylensulfonate group wherein the alkylene group has from 1 to 4 carbon atoms; R3, R4 and R5 are independently selected from the group consisting of H, a sulfonic group, a sulfonate group, alkylensulfonic, alkylensulfonate and --SO.sub.2NH(CH.sub.2).sub.m--W--(CH.sub.2).sub.nZ, wherein alkylene has 1 to 4 carbon atoms, with the proviso that at least one of R.sub.1 to R.sub.5 contains a sulfonic or sulfonate group; W is absent or is a group selected from --SO.sub.2NH, --O--, --COO--, or --CONH--; n=0-12 and m=0-12 with the provisos that $m+n\leq 12$ and at least one of m and n≠0; and Z is, or contains a N, O or S nucleophile functionality or is, or contains a functionality capable of reacting with N, O or S nucleophiles. Nucleophile functionalities include --NH.sub.2, --OH, and --SH groups; groups capable of reacting with such

functionalities include --COCl, --COOCOR, --CONHNH.sub.2, N-hydroxysuccinimido esters, --NCS, --CHO, --COCH.sub.2I, phosphoramidite and maleimido.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L72 ANSWER 5 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:237455 USPATFULL

TITLE: In-vivo diagnostic method by means of near infrared

radiation

INVENTOR(S): Licha, Kai, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of

Riefke, Bjorn, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of Semmler, Wolfhard, Glienicke, Germany, Federal Republic

of

Speck, Ulrich, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of Hilger, Christoph-Stephan, Berlin, Germany, Federal

Republic of

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut Fur Diagnostikforschung GmbH An Der Freien

Universitat Berlin (non-U.S. corporation)

PATENT INFORMATION: US 2001055567 A1 20011227 APPLICATION INFO.: US 2001-850660 A1 20010507 (9)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 2000-518947, filed on 6 Mar 2000 GRANTED Pat. No. US 6258340 Continuation of Se

2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6258340 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1997-849369, filed on 7 Nov 1997, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6083485 A 371 of International Ser. No. WO

1997-DE9501465, filed on 6 Jun 1997, UNKNOWN

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DE 1994-4445065 19941207

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: APPLICATION

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Richard L. Byrne, Webb Ziesenheim Logsdon Orkin &

Hanson, P.C., 700 Koppers Building, 436 Seventh Avenue,

Pittsburgh, PA, 15219-1818

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 8 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 994

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB This invention relates to an in-vivo diagnostic method based on near infrared radiation (NIR radiation) that uses water-soluble dyes and their biomolecule adducts, each having specific photophysical and pharmaco-chemical properties, as a contrast medium for fluorescence and transillumination diagnostics in the NIR range, to new dyes and

pharmaceuticals containing such dyes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L72 ANSWER 6 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:226779 USPATFULL

TITLE: Optical diagnostic agents for diagnosis of

neurodegenerative diseases by means of near infrared

radiation (NIR radiation)

Turner, Jonathan, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of INVENTOR(S):

Dyrks, Thomas, Hohenneuendorf, Germany, Federal

Republic of

Semmler, Wolfhard, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of

Licha, Kai, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of Riefke, Bjorn, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of

Schering AG, Berkin, Germany, Federal Republic of PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

(non-U.S. corporation)

KIND DATE NUMBER US 6329531 B1 20011211 WO 9822146 19980528 PATENT INFORMATION: 19980528 US 1999-308177 WO 1997-DE2559 19991118 (9) APPLICATION INFO.: 19971029 19991118 PCT 371 date 19991118 PCT 102(e) date

NUMBER DATE

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DE 1996-19649971 19961119

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Higel, Floyd D.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Millen, White, Zelano & Branigan, P.C.

21 NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

2 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s) NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

LINE COUNT: 839

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention relates to compounds of formula (I): F.sub.m (--A1)(--B.sub.n)(--W.sub.o) wherein F is a colorant-signal molecule with a maximum absorption value ranging from 600-1200 nm; A is a β -amyloid plaque binding biomolecule; B is a β -amyloid plaque binding colorant; and W is a β -amyloid plaque binding hydrophilic low-molecular structural element. The invention also describes the use of these compounds in in vivo an din vitro diagnosis of neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's disease by means of near infra-red radiation (NIR radiation) as a constrasting agent in fluoresecence and transillumination diagnosis in the NIR range. Diagnostic agents containing said componenets are also disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L72 ANSWER 7 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:107426 USPATFULL

TITLE: In-vivo diagnostic method by near infrared radiation INVENTOR(S): Licha, Kai, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of Riefke, Bjorn, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of

Semmler, Wolfhard, Glienicke, Germany, Federal Republic

Speck, Ulrich, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of Hilger, Christoph-Stephan, Berlin, Germany, Federal

Republic of

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut fur Diagnostikforschung GmbH, Berline,

> Shears 571-272-2528 Searcher :

Germany, Federal Republic of (non-U.S. corporation) der Freien Universitat Berlin, Berline, Germany, Federal Republic of (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND	DATE
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6258340	B1	20010710
APPLICATION INFO.:	US 2000-518947		20000306 (9)
RELATED APPLN. INFO.:	Continuation of S	Ser. No.	US 849369

		NUMBER	DATE	
PRIORITY	INFORMATION:	DE 1994-4445065	19941207	

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: GRANTED

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Jones, Dameron L.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Webb Ziesenheim Logsdon Orkin & Hanson, P.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 3 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 6 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 971

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention relates to a in-vivo diagnostic method based on near infrared ra ation (NIR radiation) that uses water-soluble dyes and their biomolecule adducts, each having specific photophysical and pharmaco-chemical properties, as a contrast medium for fluorescence and transillumination diagnostics in the NIR range, to new dyes and pharmaceuticals containing such dyes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L72 ANSWER 8 OF 8 USPATFULL on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:83826 USPATFULL

TITLE: Near infrared radiation in-vivo diagnostic methods and

dyes

INVENTOR(S): Licha, Kai, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of

Riefke, Bjorn, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of Semmler, Wolfhard, Glienicke, Germany, Federal Republic

of

Speck, Ulrich, Berlin, Germany, Federal Republic of Hilger, Christoph-Stephan, Berlin, Germany, Federal

Republic of

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Institut fur Diagnostikforschung GmbH, Berlin, Germany,

Federal Republic of (non-U.S. corporation)

der Freien Universitat Berlin, Berlin, Germany, Federal

Republic of (non-U.S. corporation)

	NUMBER	KIND DATE	
PATENT INFORMATION:	US 6083485	20000704	
APPLICATION INFO.:	WO 9617628 US 1997-849369	19960613 19971107	(8)
	WO 1995-DE1465		PCT 371 date PCT 102(e) date

NUMBER DATE ______

PRIORITY INFORMATION: DE 1994-4445065 19941207

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Dees, Jose' G.

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Jones, Dameron

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Webb Ziesenheim Logsdon Orkin & Hanson, P.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS:

7 1

EXEMPLARY CLAIM: NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

6 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1065

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

This invention relates to an in-vivo diagnostic method based on near infrared radiation (NIR radiation) that uses water-soluble dyes and their biomolecule adducts, each having specific photophysical and pharmaco-chemical properties, as a contrast medium for fluorescence and transillumination diagnostics in the NIR range, to new dyes and pharmaceuticals containing such dyes.

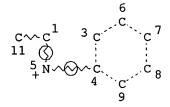
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

(FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE' ENTERED AT 12:20:15 ON 14 JAN 2005) L73

(FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 12:20:35 ON 14 JAN 2005)

L74

L76



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CHARGE IS *+ AT CONNECT IS X2 RC AT CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 8 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

ATTRIBUTES SPECIFIED AT SEARCH-TIME: ECLEVEL IS LIM ON ALL NODES

ALL RING(S) ARE ISOLATED

O SEA FILE=MARPAT SSS FUL L74 (MODIFIED ATTRIBUTES)

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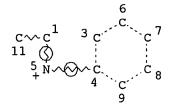
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.15

0 ANSWERS

0 ANSWERS

FILE 'MARPATPREV' ENTERED AT 12:22:08 ON 14 JAN 2005 STR

L74



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CHARGE IS *+ AT 5 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 6 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT 8 CONNECT IS X2 RC AT DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 9

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

ATTRIBUTES SPECIFIED AT SEARCH-TIME: ECLEVEL IS LIM ON ALL NODES ALL RING(S) ARE ISOLATED

O SEA FILE=MARPATPREV SSS FUL L74 (MODIFIED ATTRIBUTES) L77

100.0% PROCESSED 86 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:22:26 ON 14 JAN 2005